### 2016 | Volume Volume - 1 - Issue Issue - 1

#### In this issue

### **Research Article**

Open Access Research Article PTZAID:SJGGT-1-106

## No Association of the Complexin-3 Gene Polymorphism with Schizophrenia

Published On: December 30, 2015 | Pages: 027 - 029

Author(s): Sofi Atshemyan, Roksana Zakharyan\*, Arsen Arakelyan

Background: Schizophrenia (SCZ) is a multifactorial mental disease. Whereas complex interplay of genes and environment contributes to the SCZ, the disorder has still unclear biological background. Growing amount of evidence showed that synaptic dysfunctions are contributed to SCZ etiopathogenesis. ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/sjggt.000006

Open Access Research Article PTZAID:SJGGT-1-105

# Role of Inhalant and Food Allergens in Child Sensitization: A Prospective Study in 176 Children

Published On: November 23, 2015 | Pages: 021 - 026

Author(s): Arnaldo Cantani\*

Background: The origin of atopic disease is poly factorial and the development of atopic manifestations appears to be linked to interactions between genetic and environmental factors. Such data seem to focus attention on the rising prevalence rates of atopic dermatitis, a common debilitating skin codition in infants and young children. They also often have ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/siggt.000005

Open Access Research Article PTZAID:SJGGT-1-101

In LNCaP Cells Inhibition of BCL-2 by Antisense Oligonucleonucleotides Results in Compensatory Changes in Apoptosis

Published On: March 27, 2014 | Pages: 001 - 006

Author(s): Marvin Rubenstein\*, Courtney M.P. Hollowell and Patrick Guinan

Antisense oligonucleotides (oligos) have been evaluated for treating prostate cancer in both in vivo and in vitro models. Although most oligos contain a single mRNA binding site, our laboratory evaluates bi-specific oligos directed towards two proteins. This study evaluates the growth inhibition in vitro of the LNCaP cell line employing mono- and bi-specific oligos di ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/siggt.000001

### **Review Article**

Open Access Review Article PTZAID:SJGGT-1-104

## A Great Discovery Allergy and Asthma are fully Genetic in Children

Published On: August 10, 2015 | Pages: 017 - 020

Author(s): Arnaldo Cantani\*

Background: Allergic asthma and rhinitis, atopic dermatitis, urticaria and food allergy are genetic diseases of infants and children. Several investigators have provided evidence for a genetic localization for atopy. Babies of atopic parents are at high risk of developing atopic diseases, however the phenotypic expression of such diseas ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/sjggt.000004

### Mini Review

Open Access Mini Review PTZAID:SJGGT-1-103

## **Transposable Elements in Fungi: A Genomic Approach**

Published On: May 07, 2015 | Pages: 012 - 016

Author(s): Mateus F. Santana\* and Marisa V. Queiroz\*

Transposable elements (TEs) include a wide range of DNA sequences that can change positions in the genome. The accessibility of whole fungal genome sequences and analysis of TEs demonstrate the important role they play in genome evolution of fungi species. TE activity is a primary mechanism for high fitness, plasticity and adaptability in certain species of pathogenic ...

Abstract View Full Article View DOI: 10.17352/sjggt.000003